JUVENILE SPRING CHINOOK MIGRATION IN THE MIDDLE FORK WILLAMETTE RIVER AND USE OF LOOKOUT POINT RESERVOIR

Principal Investigators:

Fred R. Monzyk Jeremy D. Romer Thomas A. Friesen

Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife Corvallis Research Lab Corvallis, Oregon





Objectives

Evaluate migration timing and size of Chinook entering reservoir

Chinook fry distribution along nearshore habitat

Vertical distribution of Chinook near dam

Dam passage timing patterns

Methods

Above reservoir

Nearshore sampling







- July-Dec
- Changed pattern twice weekly

Results

Migration Timing and Size of Chinook Entering Reservoir - enter mainly as "fry" in early spring

Migration Timing and Size of Chinook Entering Reservoir



Results

Subyearling Nearshore Distribution

-confounded by hatchery releases in LOP

Subyearling Nearshore Distribution



-Chinook were further dispersed into LOP compared to Cougar Reservoir by 20 Apr -Earlier migration timing in LOP -LOP is twice as long



Migration Timing and Size of Chinook Exiting Reservoir



(USACE data)

Migration Timing of Chinook Exiting Reservoir 2010-2012



Conclusion

Juvenile Chinook enter Lookout Point in mostly in spring as fry -peak in mid-April -earlier than N. Santiam and SF McKenzie, later than S. Santiam

Subyearlings dispersed further into LOP than Cougar subyearlings

Chinook descend into deeper water (~11 m or more) in summer and return to surface in fall -similar to Chinook in Detroit

Chinook exit LOP with spill in late spring and in fall/winter

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